

SWIFT: SHIELD: A Software-Hardware Approach for Spectrum Coexistence with Rapid Interferer Learning, Detection, and Mitigation

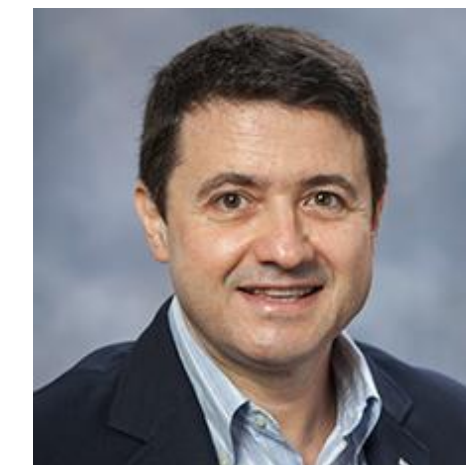
Tingjun Chen (PI), Arun Natarajan, Leandros Tassiulas



Duke
UNIVERSITY



 **Oregon State**
University



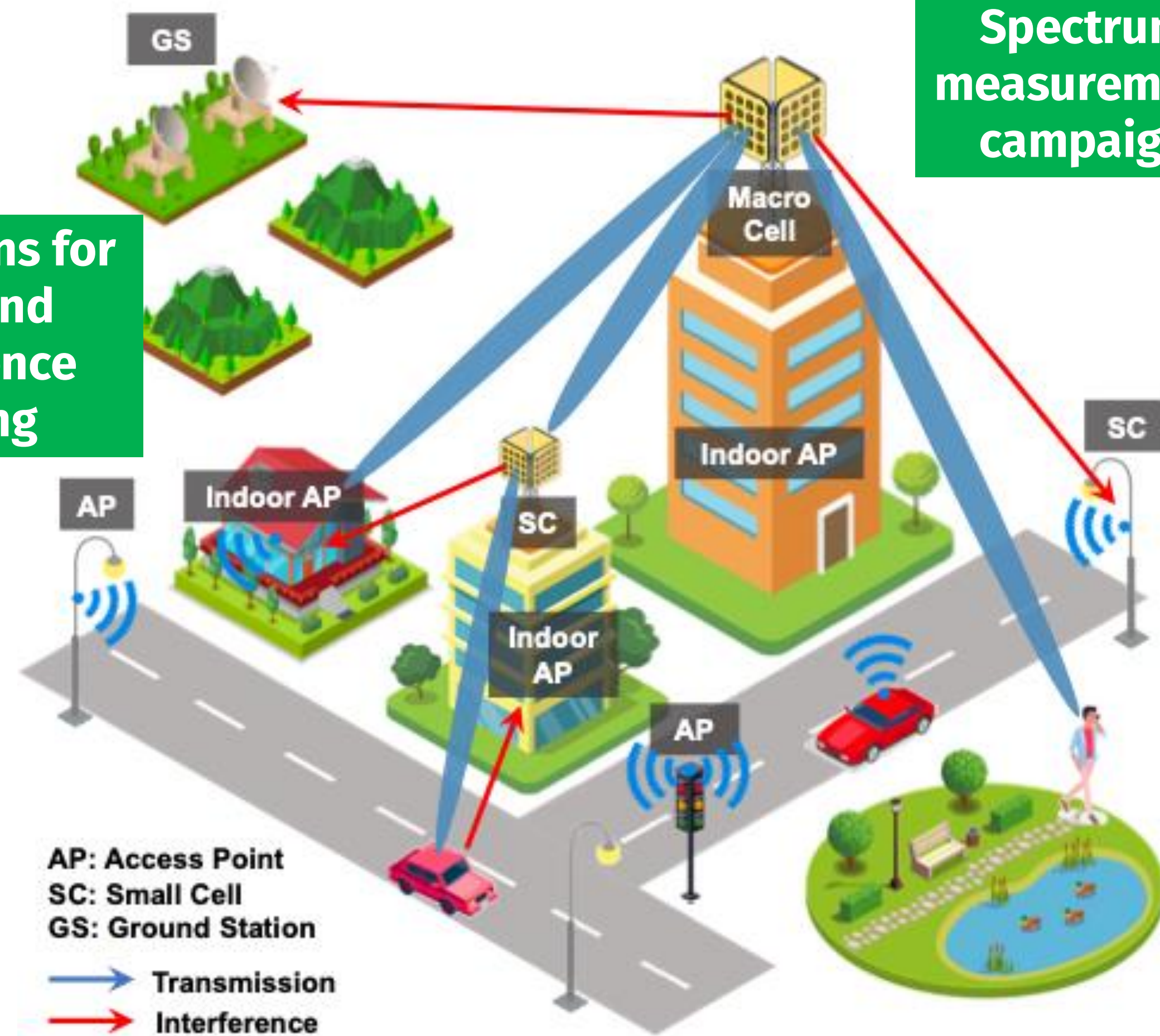
 **Yale**

NSF SWIFT & NewSpectrum PI Meeting

Sept. 11, 2025



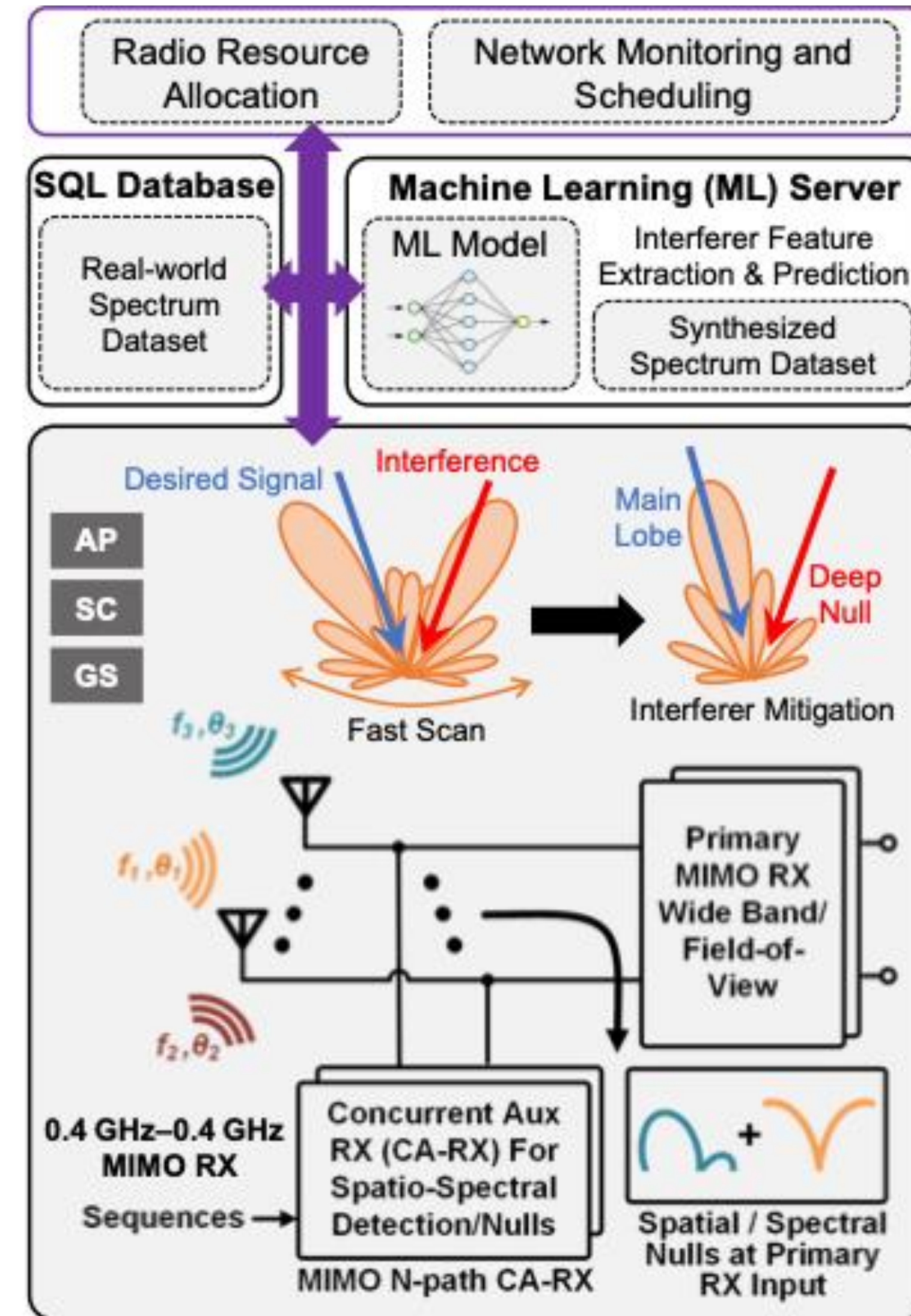
Project Vision and Goals



Spectrum measurement campaign

Digital twins for signal and interference mapping

Local LTE/5G testbeds



Scheduling and resource allocation

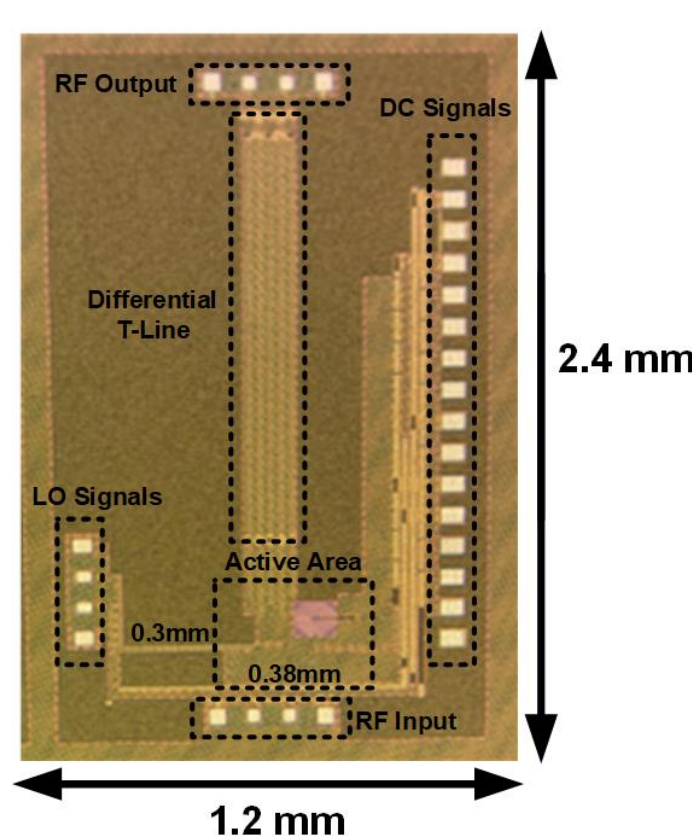
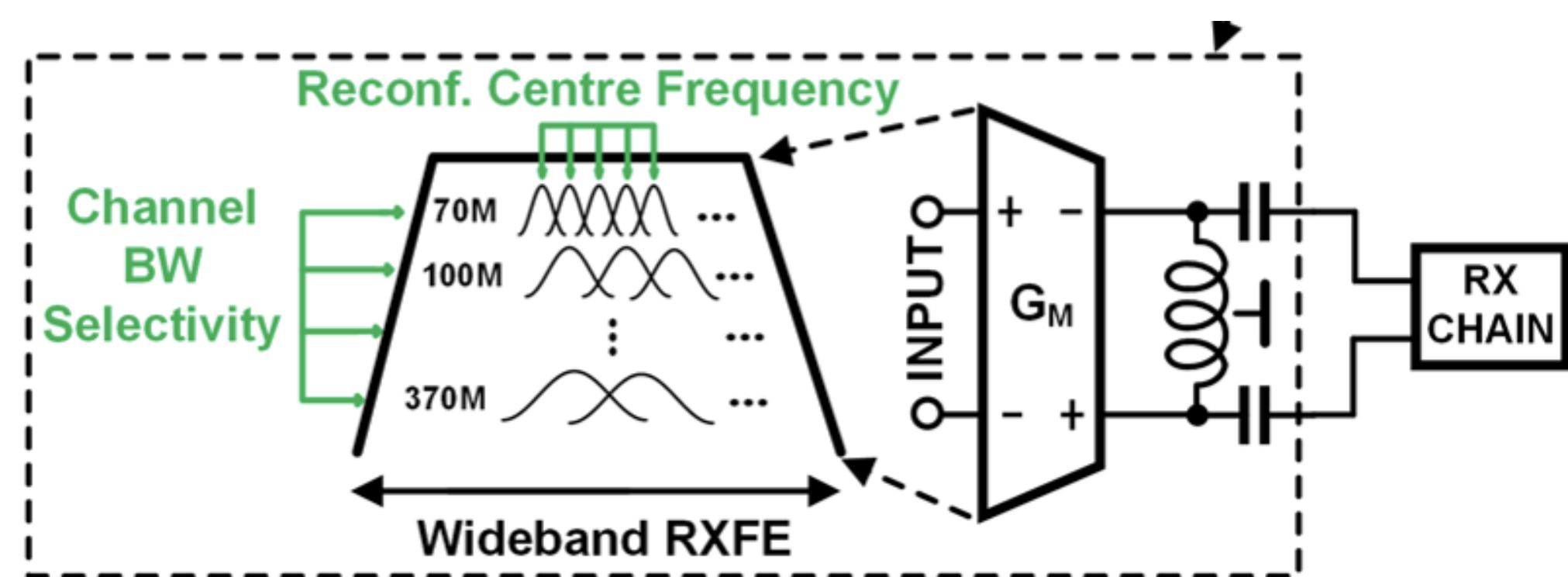
Learned interferer patterns and properties

Optimized analog/digital beamforming and nulling

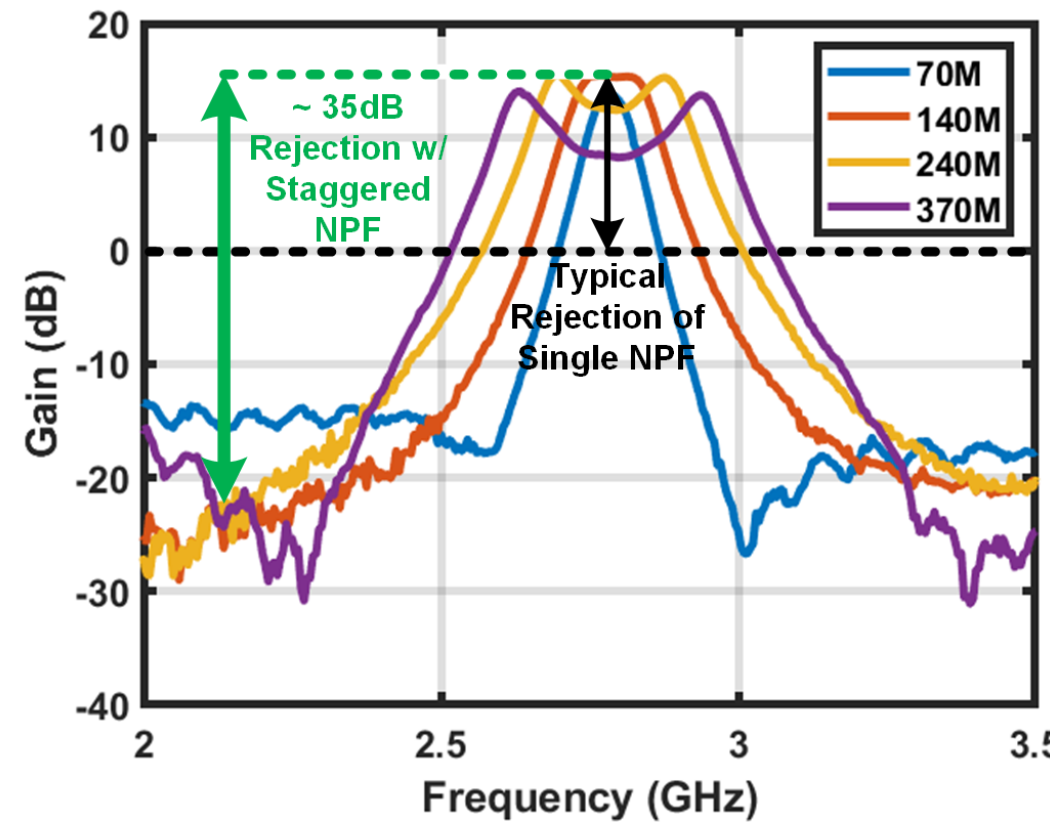
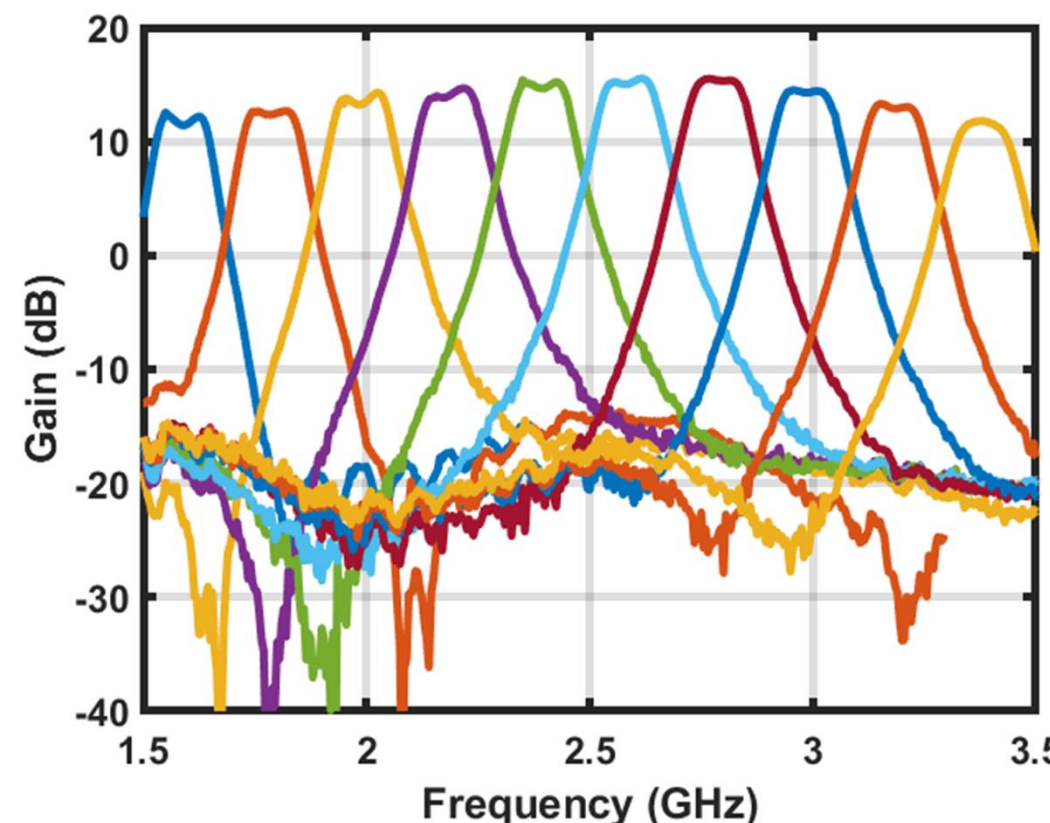
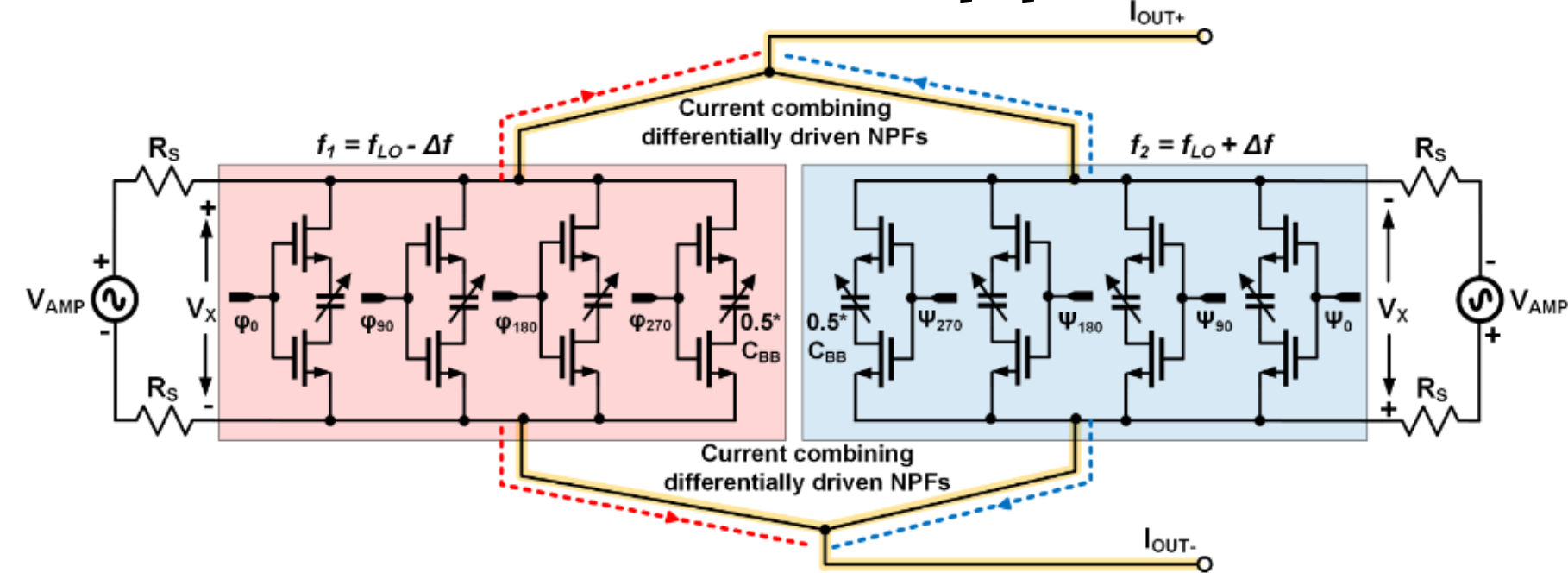
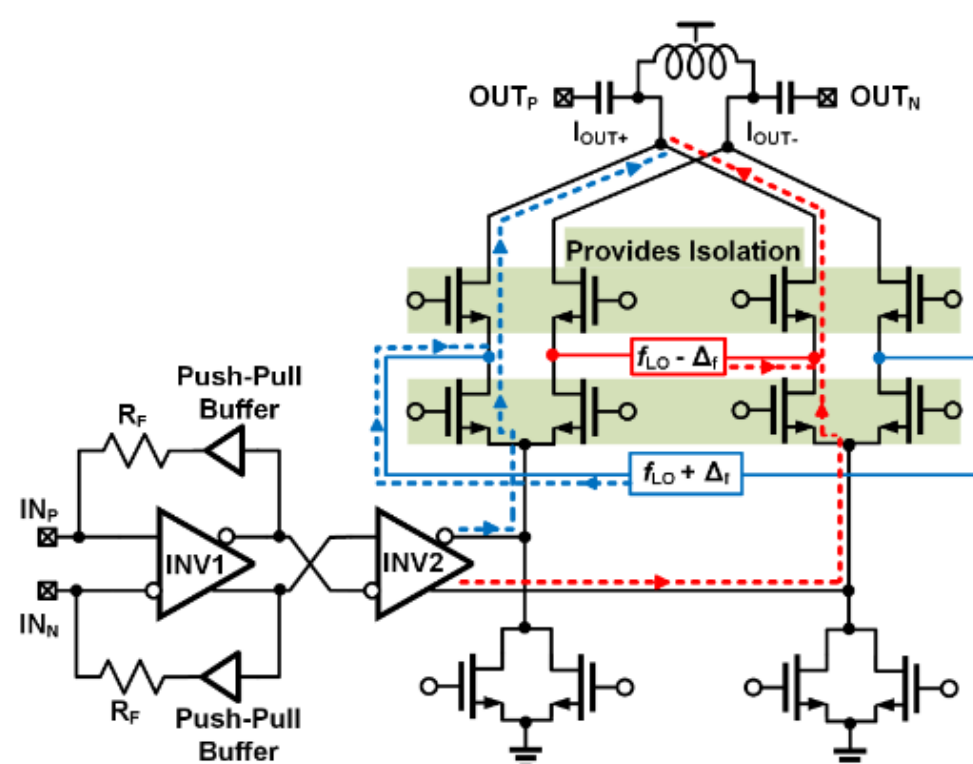
Novel receiver front-end circuits

Receivers with Reconfigurable Center Freq. and Bandwidth

- Propose a receiver architecture capable of scanning across frequencies with reconfigurable bandwidth and deeper interferer filtering (higher-order filters) based on N-path filters
- Key performance metrics: **Reconfigurable** center frequency of **up to 3.5 GHz**, bandwidth from **70–370MHz**, with enhanced **out-of-band rejection of up to 35dB**



Chip photo

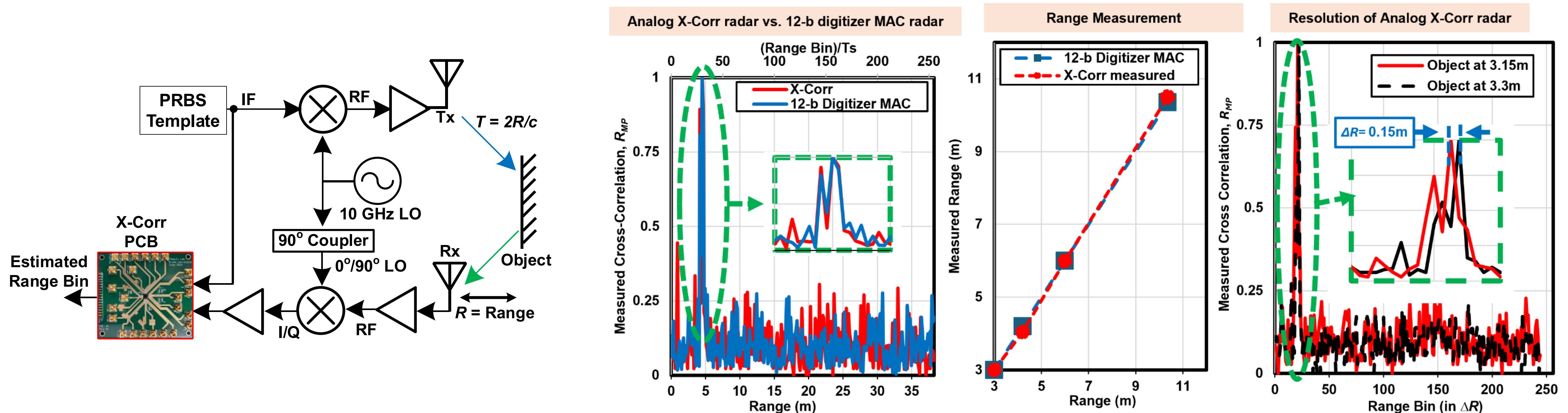


Measurements

X-band Radar Detection Using an Analog Correlator

... to continue in NewSpectrum

- The analog cross-correlator IC is **integrated into a 10 GHz code-domain radar system**, where the cross-correlator acts as the core processing unit of the radar system



- The cross-correlator based radar system successfully detects the objects
- The detected range closely matches with a conventional digitizer (12-bit) + MAC based system
- The radar ranging resolution matches with its theoretical value

Geo2SigMap: Tools, Datasets, and Tutorials

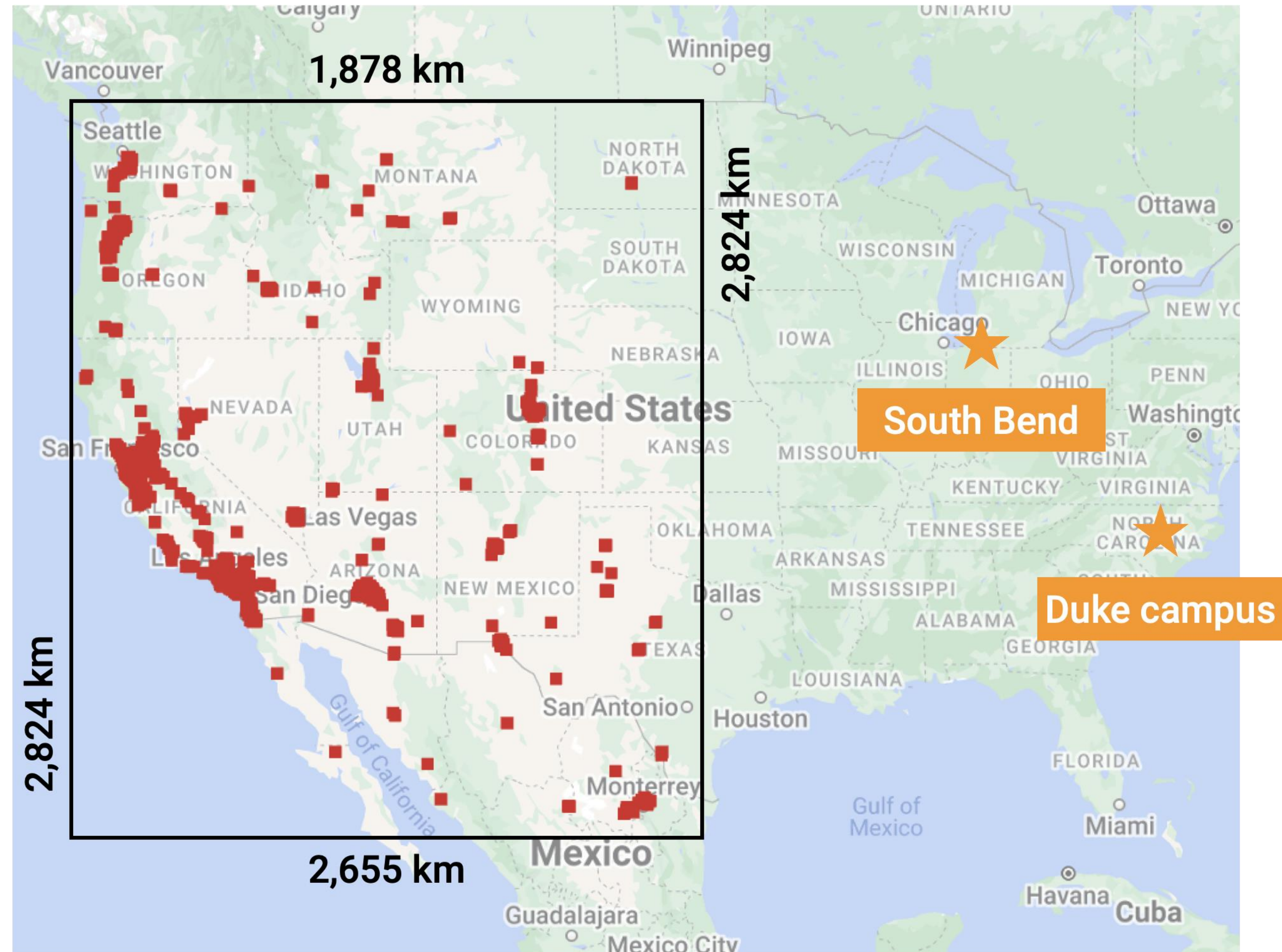
- **First fully automated, open-sourced, scalable pipeline for building wireless DTs**
 - CLI tool + Python API for high-fidelity 3D scene generation or *arbitrary areas of interest* (>10 km²)
 - *Seamless integration* of the generated 3D scenes with NVIDIA's Sionna RT and AODT
 - Deep learning models and large-scale measurement datasets
 - A suite of Jupyter Lab based *examples and tutorials*

>	examples
>	src/scene_generation
	.gitignore
	LICENSE
	README.md
	pyproject.toml
	requirements.txt

Name	Last commit message
..	
antenna_Pattern	Adding the Sionna MSI Importer related file.
1_sionna_coverage_map.ipynb	reorg t1-t5
2_sionna_rays_analysis.ipynb	reorg t1-t5
3_visualize_measurements.ipynb	reorg t1-t5
4_ml_coverage_map.ipynb	Adding Sionna RT generated sparse measurements.
5_scene_nist_28ghz_boulder.ipynb	reorg t1-t5

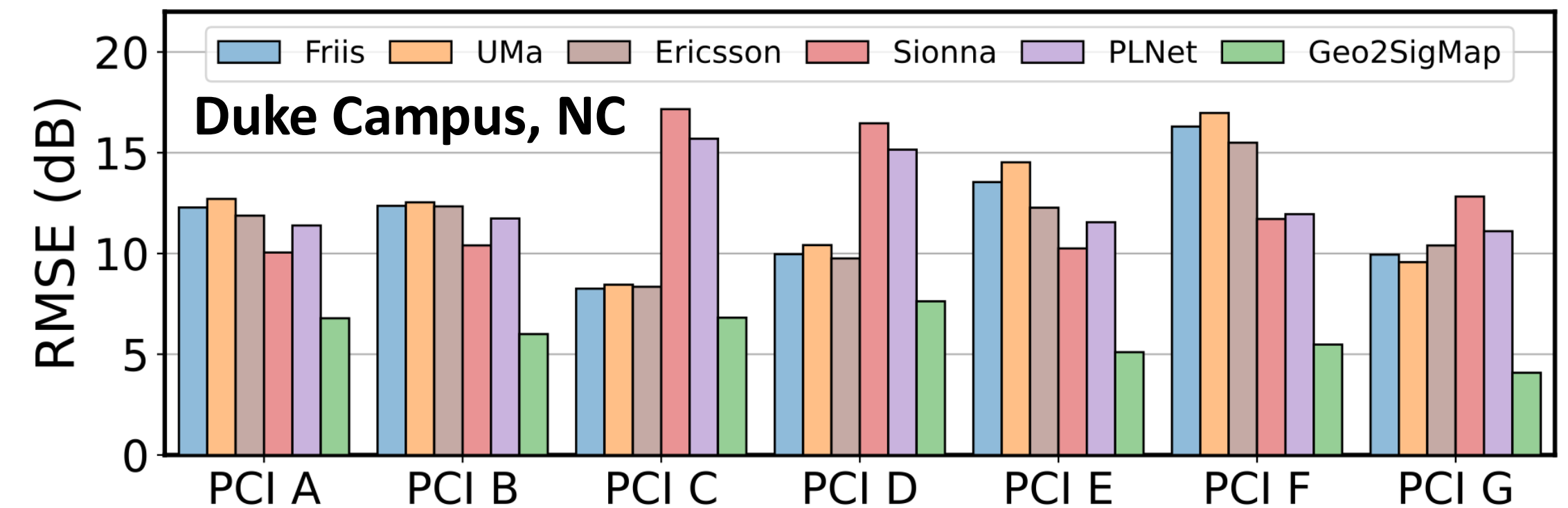
Geo2SigMap: ML-based Signal Mapping

- No overlapped area between the **training set** (Sionna RT) and (RT simulation) and **testing set** (CBRS measurements)!
- **Model training**
 - Dataset: ~27K areas, ~140K path gain (PG) maps
 - Loss function: MSE between the ground truth and the predicted PG maps
 - Training/validation split ratio of 0.8/0.2
 - Model size: ~31M params
- **Model evaluation**
 - ~57K CBRS measurements collected on the Duke campus, NC, across 7 PCIs
 - ~21K CBRS measurements collected in the South Bend school district, IN, across 10 PCIs

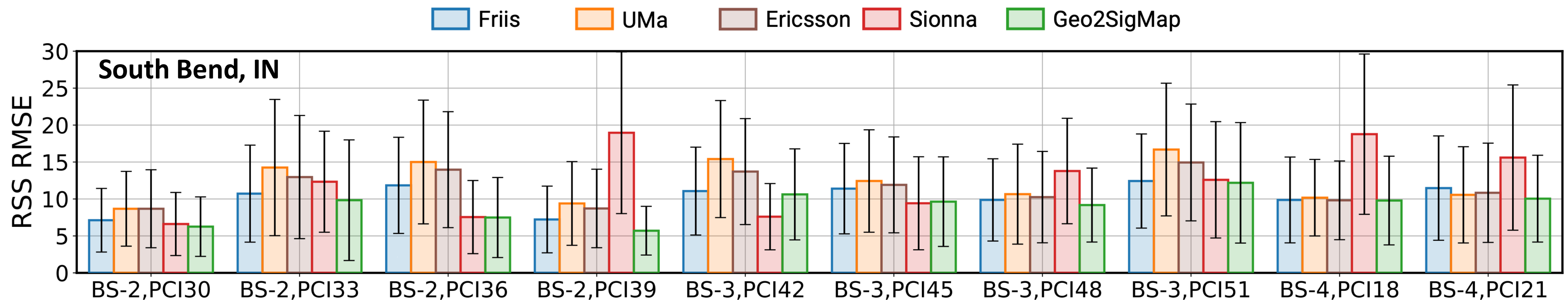


Geo2SigMap: ML-based Signal Mapping

- Baselines (w/ calibration applied)
 - **Friis** free space PG model
 - 3GPP urban macro (**UMa**) channel model
 - **Ericsson** channel model
 - “Vanilla” **Sionna RT**
 - **PLNet** with Volcano 5G & model re-training [KDD'20]
- Metric: Root mean square error (RMSE) for RSRP



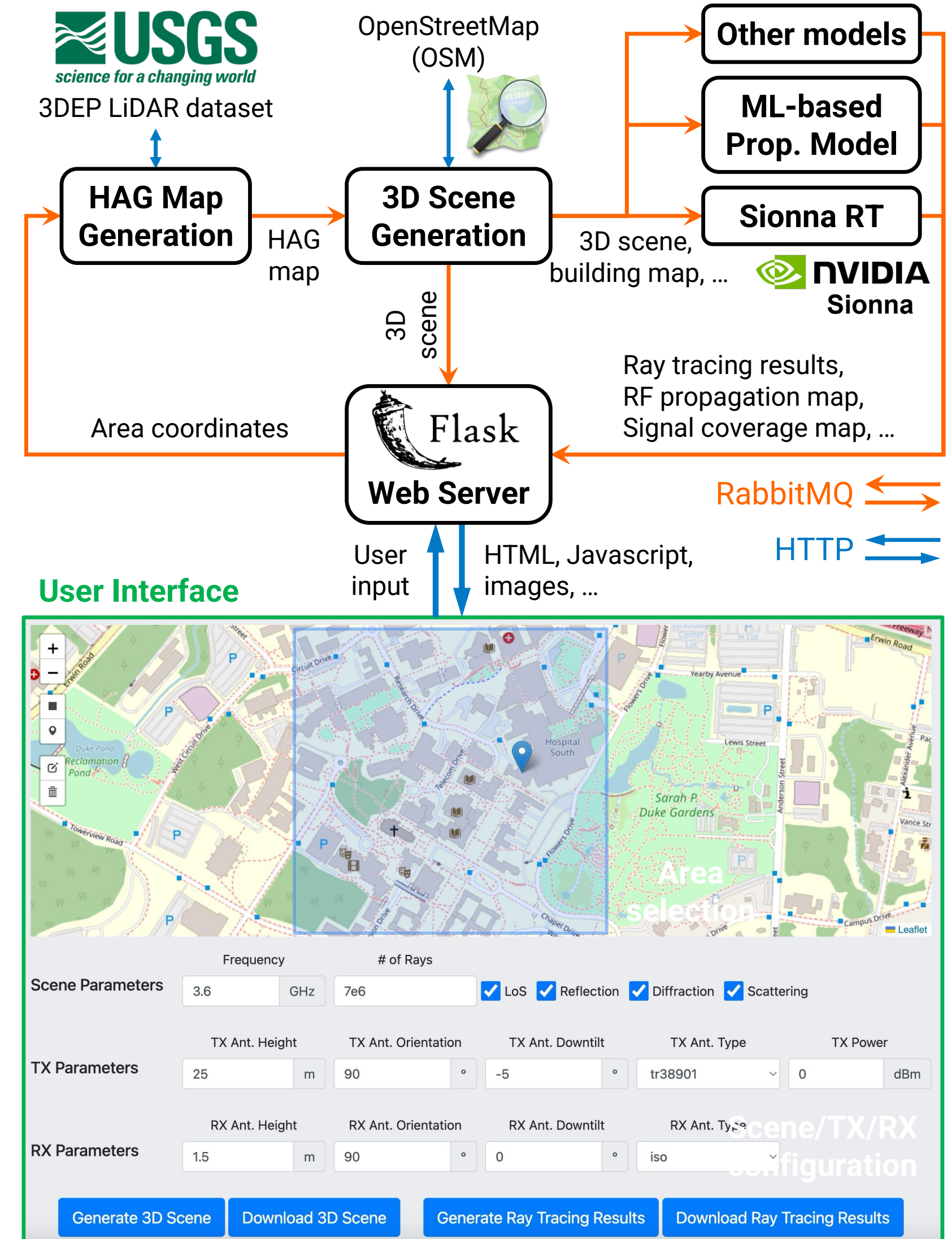
Geo2SigMap achieves an RMSE of 7.1 dB for predicting RF signal coverage, outperforming existing methods by 4.0 dB



Geo2SigMap always achieves top-3 performance on both the median error and the 90th percentile for RSRP prediction

ClickDT: Building Wireless DTs with a Few Clicks

- Five key modules communicated via **HTTP** and **RabbitMQ**
 - Web-based UI with an embedded map
 - Flask web server
 - Height-above-ground (HAG) map generation
 - 3D scene generation and rendering
 - RF propagation modeling (e.g., Sionna RT, Geo2SigMap)
- Integration of a **nation-wide USGS LiDAR dataset**
 - Cross-validation of building info with OSM
- Direct **export of 3D scenes and detailed RT results**
 - Detailed scene objects and rays information
- Easy **integration of other RF propagation models**
- ... to be released in Geo2SigMap v2.0 (Fall 2025)



ClickDT: Building Wireless DTs with a Few Clicks

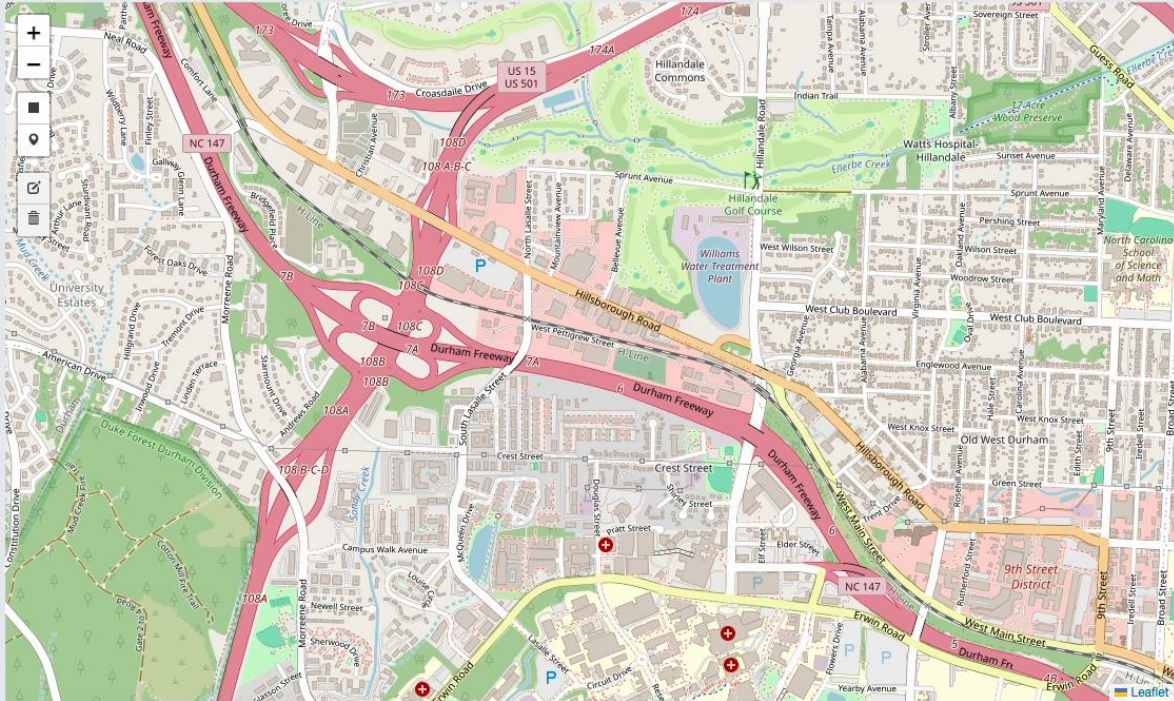
... to continue in NewSpectrum

Duke West campus

Area selection,
scene config.

ClickDT

ClickDT: Building High-Resolution Wireless Digital Twins with a Few Clicks



Frequency

of Rays

Scene Parameters

TX Parameters

RX Parameters

Generate 3D Scene

Download 3D Scene

Generate Ray Tracing Results

Download Ray Tracing Results

Downtown Boston

Area selection,
scene config.

ClickDT

ClickDT: Building High-Resolution Wireless Digital Twins with a Few Clicks



Frequency

of Rays

Scene Parameters

TX Parameters

RX Parameters

Generate 3D Scene

Download 3D Scene

Generate Ray Tracing Results

Download Ray Tracing Results

3D scene

Sionna RT output

Geo2SigMap output

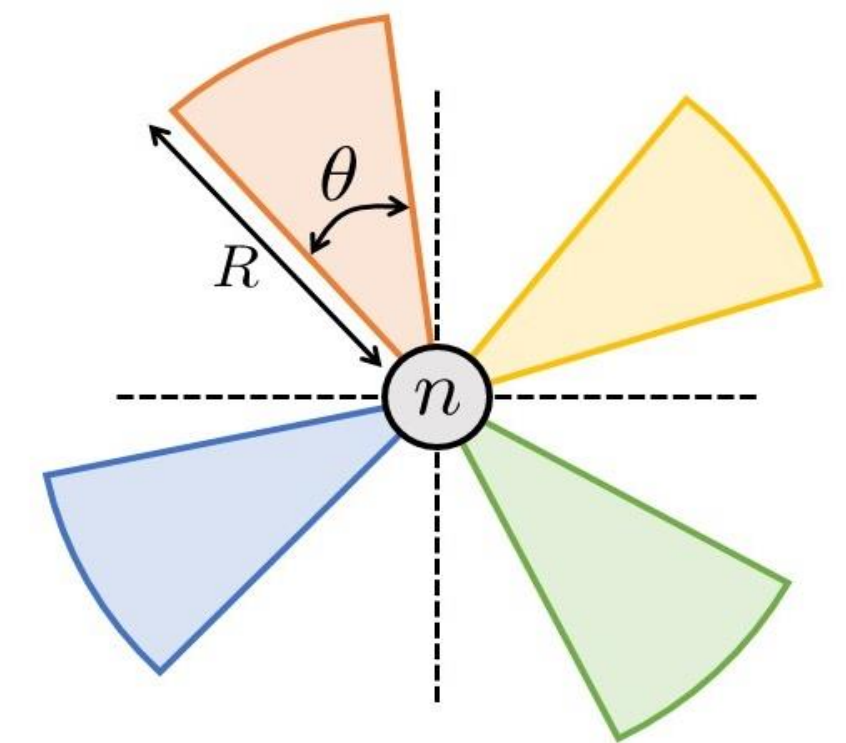
3D scene

Sionna RT output

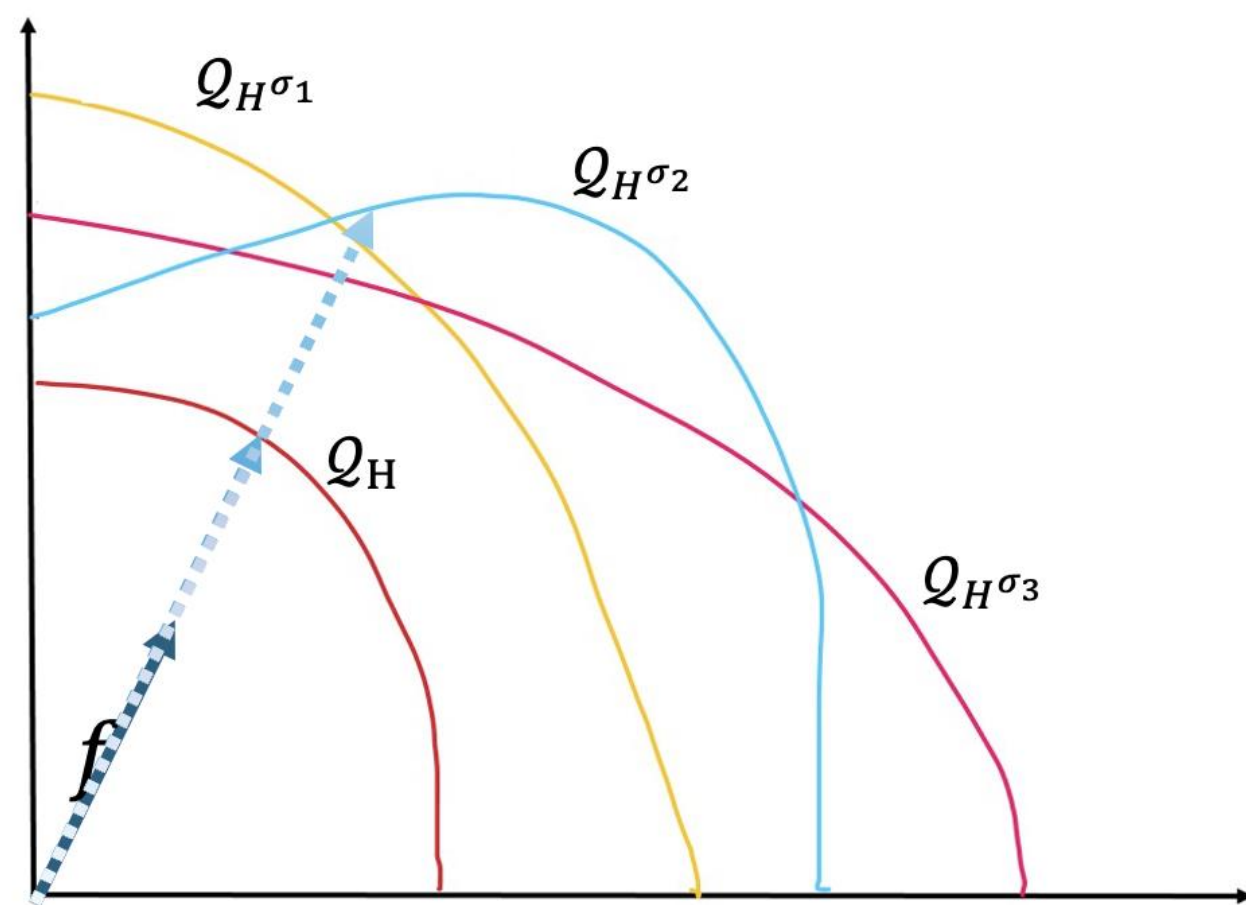
Geo2SigMap output

Scheduling & Resource Allocation in **Sectorized** Wireless Networks

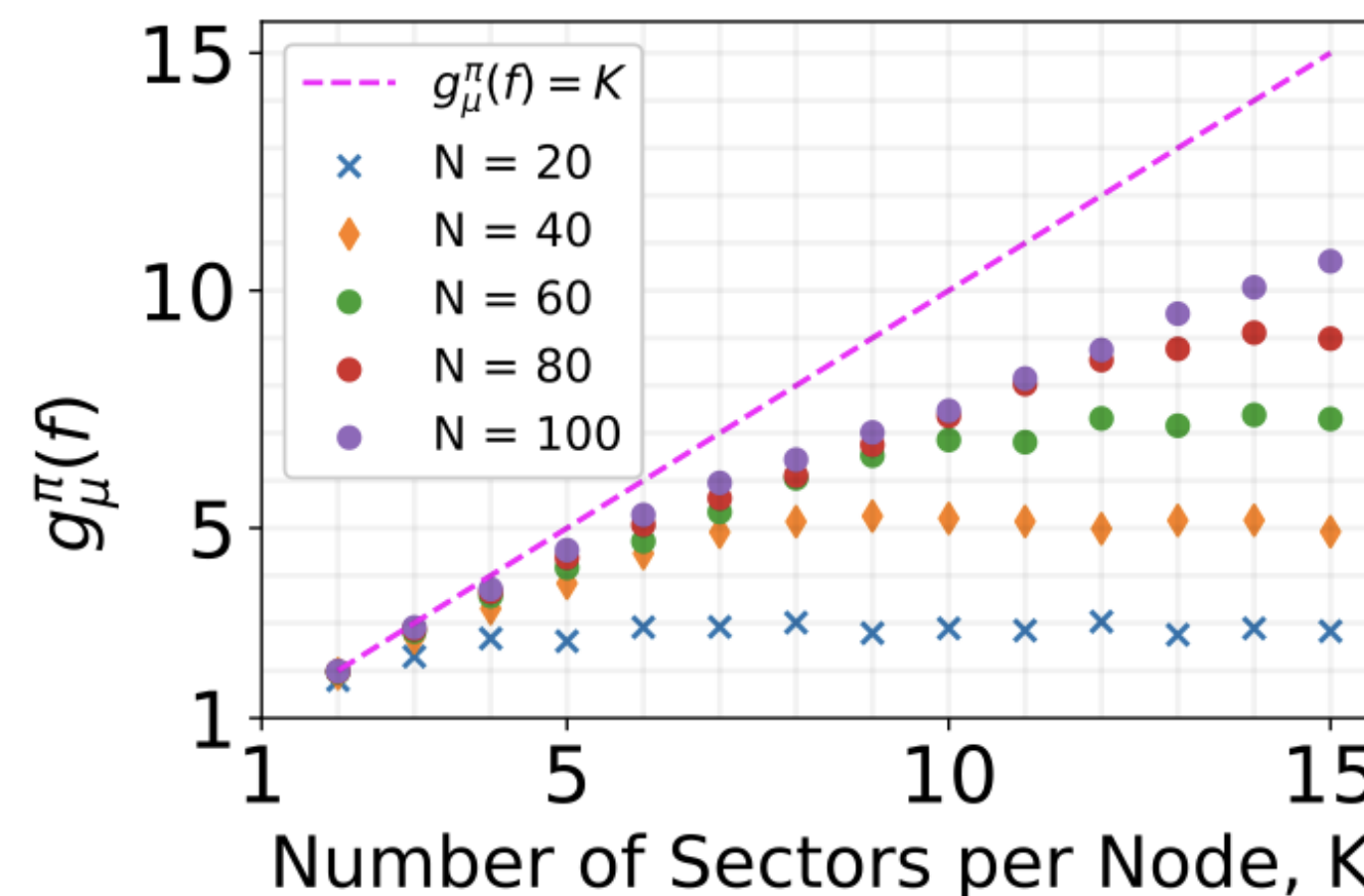
- **Capacity region characterization** of sectorized wireless networks
- **A distributed approximation algorithm** that optimizes the sectorization of each node under a network flow with performance guarantees
- In case one can (periodically) change the sectorization depending on the network condition, we proposed a **throughput-optimal joint routing, scheduling, and sectorization policy**



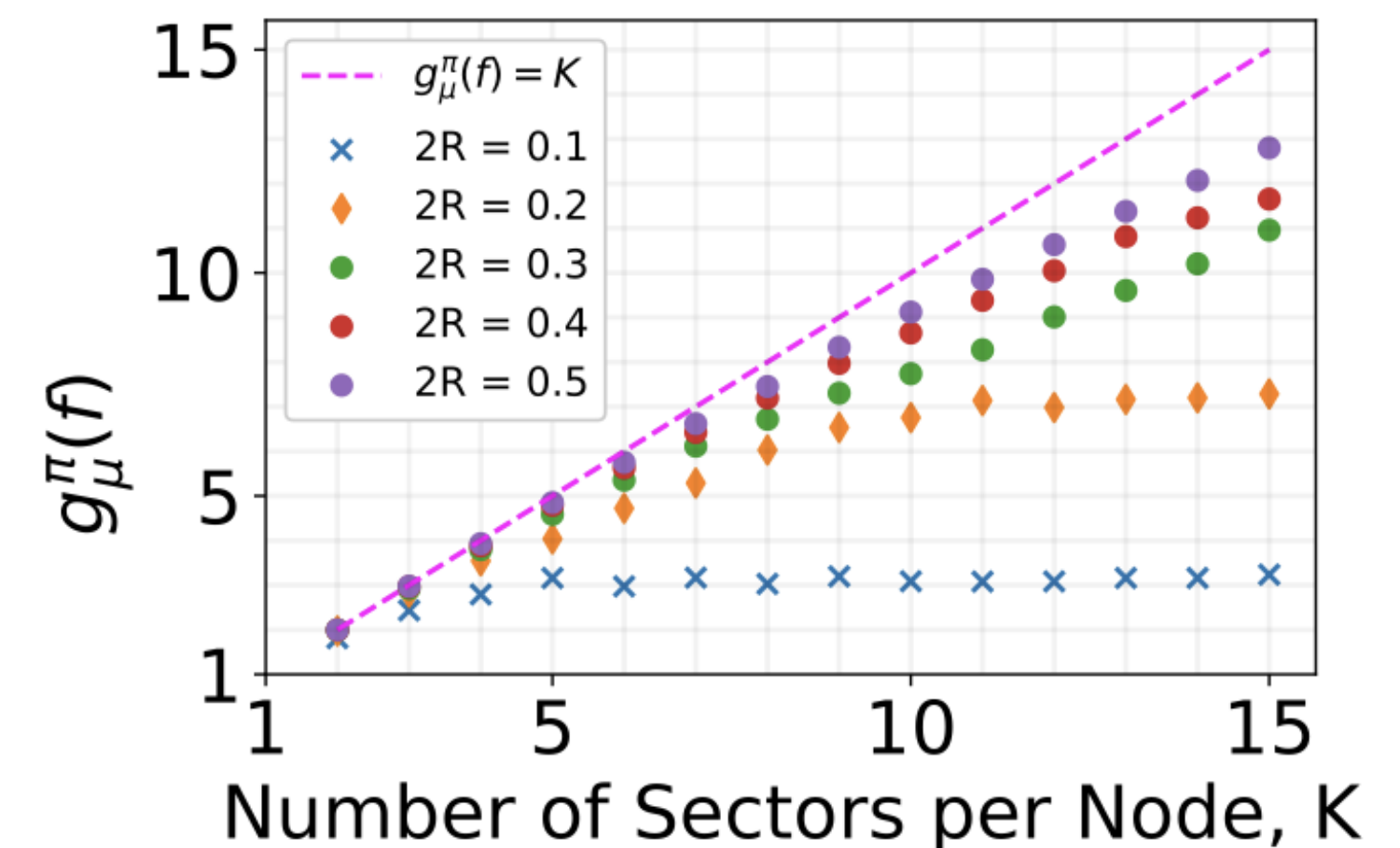
Dynamic sectorization of an infrastructure node



Different sectorization results in different throughput regions



Network capacity increases sub-linearly with increased number of sectors



Publications and References (a partial list)

Novel receiver front ends and analog computing circuits

- A. Undavalli, K. Rashed, G. Cauwenberghs, S. Chakrabartty, A. Natarajan, and A. Nagulu, “A 4GS/s Fully Analog 256×256 MP-Based Cross-Correlator with 1000 TOPS/W Compute Efficiency and 1.3 TOPS/mm² Compute Density in 22nm SOI CMOS,” in *Proc. IEEE ISSCC’25*, 2025.
- K. Rashed, A. Undavalli, S. Chakrabartty, A. Nagulu, and A. Natarajan, “A Scalable and Instantaneously Wideband RF Correlator Based on Margin Computing,” *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, 2024.
- S. Gupta, S. Krishnamurthy, A. Ravi, O. Degani, and A. Natarajan, “A Channel-Selective, Bandwidth-Reconfigurable Wideband Low Noise Amplifier with Dual-Frequency N-Path Filters,” in *Proc. IEEE Radio & Wireless Week (RWW’26)*, 2026.

Spectrum monitoring techniques and systems

- Z. Gao, Y. Chen, and T. Chen, “Swirls: Sniffing Wi-Fi Using Radios with Low Sampling Rates,” in *Proc. ACM MobiHoc’23*, 2023.
- Z. Gao, Y. Zhang, and T. Chen, “DeepMon: Wi-Fi Monitoring Using Sub-Nyquist Sampling Rate Receivers with Deep Learning,” in *Proc. ACM ML4NextG’24*, 2024.
- W. Cheng, Z. Gao, and T. Chen, “SPEAR: Software-defined Python-Enhanced RFSoc for Wideband Radio Applications,” in *Proc. ACM WiNTECH’24*, 2024.
- W. Cheng, Z. Gao, J. Guajardo, H. Beshary, A. Niknejad, and T. Chen, “SPEAR+: Streaming-Based Multi-Channel SDR Implementation Using the RFSoc Platform,” in *Proc. MILCOM’25*, 2025.

Wireless digital twins and ML for signal (and interference) mapping

- Y. Li, Z. Li, Z. Gao, and T. Chen, “Geo2SigMap: High-Fidelity RF Signal Mapping Using Geographic Databases,” in *Proc. IEEE DySPAN’24*, 2024.
- Y. Li, Z. Gao, J. Palathinkal, M. Ghosh, and T. Chen, “A Generalized Deep Learning Model for Signal Coverage Prediction in the CBRS Band,” in *Proc. IEEE DySPAN’25*, 2025.
- Y. Li, S. Francini, Z. Gao, and T. Chen, “Demo: ClickDT: Building Scalable and High-Resolution Wireless Digital Twins with a Few Clicks,” in *Proc. IEEE MILCOM’25*, 2025.
- Code and measurements: <https://functions-lab.github.io/projects/geo2sigmap/>

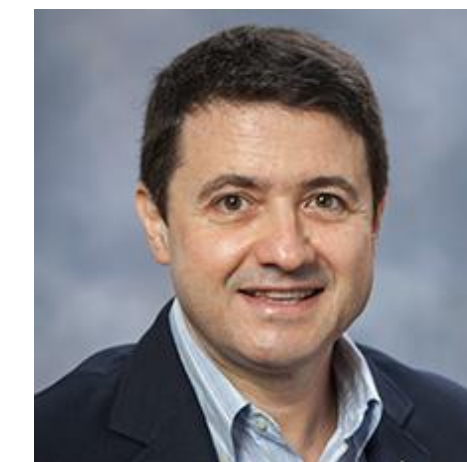
Resource allocation, scheduling, and SDN

- A. Mudvari, K. Poularakis, and L. Tassiulas, “Robust SDN Synchronization in Mobile Networks Using Deep Reinforcement and Transfer Learning,” in *Proc. IEEE ICC’23*, 2023.
- P. Promponas, T. Chen, and L. Tassiulas, “Optimizing Sectorized Wireless Networks: Model, Analysis, and Algorithm.” in *Proc. ACM MobiHoc’23*, 2023.
- P. Promponas, T. Chen, and L. Tassiulas, “On the Optimization and Stability of Sectorized Wireless Networks,” *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking*, July 2025.

Thank You!

tingjun.chen@duke.edu

Tingjun Chen (PI), Arun Natarajan, Leandros Tassiulas



NSF SWIFT & NewSpectrum PI Meeting

Sept. 11, 2025